

# Abstract\_MIC-Chroma Conference 2017

---

## ORIGINALITY REPORT

---

8%

SIMILARITY INDEX

5%

INTERNET SOURCES

5%

PUBLICATIONS

0%

STUDENT PAPERS

---

## PRIMARY SOURCES

---

1

[d-nb.info](http://d-nb.info)

Internet Source

3%

---

2

Utomo, Condro, Andrea Putri Subroto, Chris Darmawan, Roy Hendroko Setyobudi, Yogo Adhi Nugroho, and Tony Liwang. "Construction for  $\Delta$ -12 Fatty Acid Desaturase (FAD2) Silencing to Improve Oil Quality of *Jatropha curcas* Linn", Energy Procedia, 2015.

Publication

3%

---

3

[www.omicsonline.org](http://www.omicsonline.org)

Internet Source

2%

---

Exclude quotes Off

Exclude matches Off

Exclude bibliography On



## Digital Receipt

This receipt acknowledges that Turnitin received your paper. Below you will find the receipt information regarding your submission.

The first page of your submissions is displayed below.

Submission author: Leny Yuliaty  
Assignment title: Conference Abstract\_Plagiarism C...  
Submission title: Abstract\_MIC-Chroma Conference...  
File name: Abstract\_MIC-Chroma\_2017\_Dr\_L...  
File size: 125.93K  
Page count: 1  
Word count: 415  
Character count: 2,431  
Submission date: 12-Feb-2018 11:35PM (UTC+0700)  
Submission ID: 914830441



MA CHUNG INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON CHROMATOGRAPHY  
(MIC-Chroma)  
October 9-11, 2017  
Malang, Indonesia

OP-15

### Optimization of Reaction Conditions for Phenol Degradation over Platinum/Titanium Dioxide Photocatalyst

Leny Yuliaty<sup>1,\*</sup> and Herlin Noorain Danuri<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Ma Chung Research Center for Photosynthetic Pigments, Universitas Ma Chung, Malang 65151, East Java, Indonesia

<sup>2</sup>Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science and Technology, Universitas Ma Chung, Malang 65151, East Java, Indonesia

<sup>3</sup>Centre for Sustainable Nanomaterials, Ibnu Sina Institute for Scientific and Industrial Research, Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, 81310 UTM Johor Bahru, Johor, Malaysia

<sup>4</sup>Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science, Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, 81310 UTM Johor Bahru, Johor, Malaysia

\*Corresponding author: leny.yuliaty@machung.ac.id

Keywords: phenol, photocatalyst, platinum, titanium dioxide

Titanium oxide (TiO<sub>2</sub>) is widely used as a photocatalyst for degradation of organic pollutants such as phenol. In order to improve the photocatalytic efficiency of TiO<sub>2</sub>, modification and reaction condition optimizations were carried out in this study. Three types of TiO<sub>2</sub> with different crystal structures were investigated, which were anatase, rutile, and mixture of anatase and rutile. It was confirmed that the anatase phase structure gave a higher photocatalytic activity than other TiO<sub>2</sub> phases for phenol degradation after two hours of reactions under UV light irradiation. Modification of anatase TiO<sub>2</sub> was conducted by the addition of Platinum (Pt) as a co-catalyst by impregnation method, followed by calcination under the flow of hydrogen. The Pt/TiO<sub>2</sub> series was then characterized by X-ray diffraction (XRD), particle size analyser, diffuse reflectance UV-Visible (DR UV-Visible) and fluorescence spectroscopies. The results of the phenol degradation were analyzed by a gas chromatography equipped with a flame ionization detector (GC FID, Shimadzu 2014). The effect of Pt co-catalyst loading on TiO<sub>2</sub> anatase was investigated and it was confirmed that 0.5 wt% loading on TiO<sub>2</sub> gave the highest photocatalytic phenol degradation. The presence of Pt with an optimum amount was found to decrease the electron-hole recombination on the TiO<sub>2</sub>, which led to the improved activity. Optimization of the reaction conditions was performed by varying the amount of catalyst, pH of the solution, and addition of hydrogen peroxide into the phenol solution. It was observed that the optimized conditions for the Pt/TiO<sub>2</sub> to give the best activity was obtained when using 30 mg of catalyst, phenol solution pH of 6.4 and ratio of hydrogen peroxide to phenol solution of 10.5. The kinetic study showed that the reactions followed the first order reaction and the rate of reaction increased with the addition of hydrogen peroxide under the optimized conditions.

# Abstract\_MIC-Chroma Conference 2017

*by* Leny Yuliaty

---

**Submission date:** 12-Feb-2018 11:35PM (UTC+0700)

**Submission ID:** 914830441

**File name:** Abstract\_MIC-Chroma\_2017\_Dr\_Leny.pdf (125.93K)

**Word count:** 415

**Character count:** 2431



## Optimization of Reaction Conditions for Phenol Degradation over Platinum/Titanium Dioxide Photocatalyst

Leny Yuliaty<sup>1-3\*</sup> and Herlin Noorain Danuri<sup>4</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Ma Chung Research Center for Photosynthetic Pigments, Universitas Ma Chung, Malang 65151, East Java, Indonesia

<sup>2</sup>Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science and Technology, Universitas Ma Chung, Malang 65151, East Java, Indonesia

<sup>3</sup>Centre for Sustainable Nanomaterials, Ibnu Sina Institute for Scientific and Industrial Research, Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, 81310 UTM Johor Bahru, Johor, Malaysia

<sup>4</sup>Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science, Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, 81310 UTM Johor Bahru, Johor, Malaysia

\*Corresponding author: leny.yuliaty@machung.ac.id

**Keywords:** phenol, photocatalyst, platinum, titanium dioxide

Titanium oxide (TiO<sub>2</sub>) is widely used as a photocatalyst for degradation of organic pollutants such as phenol. In order to improve the photocatalytic efficiency of TiO<sub>2</sub>, modification and reaction condition optimizations were carried out in this study. Three types of TiO<sub>2</sub> with different crystal structures were investigated, which were anatase, rutile, and mixture of anatase and rutile. It was confirmed that the anatase phase structure gave a higher photocatalytic activity than other TiO<sub>2</sub> phases for phenol degradation after two hours of reactions under UV light irradiation. Modification of anatase TiO<sub>2</sub> was conducted by the addition of Platinum (Pt) as a co-catalyst by impregnation method, followed by calcination under the flow of hydrogen. The Pt/TiO<sub>2</sub> series was then characterized by X-ray diffraction (XRD), particle size analyser, diffuse reflectance UV-Visible (DR UV-Visible) and fluorescence spectroscopies. The results of the phenol degradation were analyzed by a gas chromatography equipped with a flame ionization detector (GC FID, Shimadzu 2014). The effect of Pt co-catalyst loading on TiO<sub>2</sub> anatase was investigated and it was confirmed that 0.5 wt% loading on TiO<sub>2</sub> gave the highest photocatalytic phenol degradation. The presence of Pt with an optimum amount was found to decrease the electron-hole recombination on the TiO<sub>2</sub>, which led to the improved activity. Optimization of the reaction conditions was performed by varying the amount of catalyst, pH of the solution, and addition of hydrogen peroxide into the phenol solution. It was observed that the optimized conditions for the Pt/TiO<sub>2</sub> to give the best activity was obtained when using 50 mg of catalyst, phenol solution pH of 6.4 and ratio of hydrogen peroxide to phenol solution of 10.5. The kinetic study showed that the reactions followed the first order reaction and the rate of reaction increased with the addition of hydrogen peroxide under the optimized conditions.

# Abstract\_MIC-Chroma Conference 2017

---

## ORIGINALITY REPORT

---

8%

SIMILARITY INDEX

5%

INTERNET SOURCES

5%

PUBLICATIONS

0%

STUDENT PAPERS

---

## PRIMARY SOURCES

---

1

[d-nb.info](http://d-nb.info)

Internet Source

3%

---

2

Utomo, Condro, Andrea Putri Subroto, Chris Darmawan, Roy Hendroko Setyobudi, Yogo Adhi Nugroho, and Tony Liwang. "Construction for  $\Delta$ -12 Fatty Acid Desaturase (FAD2) Silencing to Improve Oil Quality of *Jatropha curcas* Linn", Energy Procedia, 2015.

Publication

3%

---

3

[www.omicsonline.org](http://www.omicsonline.org)

Internet Source

2%

---

Exclude quotes Off

Exclude matches Off

Exclude bibliography On